Signal Generator SME

Equipped for the digital age

The SME supplies the complex signals required for the development and testing of digital mobile radio receivers. The SME is capable of generating all signals used in the important digital mobile radio networks in line with relevant standards regarding the type of modulation, data format, TDMA structure and frequency hop patterns.

The SME is completely at home also in the analog signal world. Featuring AM, FM, ϕM and pulse modulation, it covers the entire spectrum of functions provided by conventional signal generators.

The three models SME02, SME03 and SME06 differ essentially in their frequency ranges.

Configurable to user's requirements

The SME can be tailored to user's requirements by means of a wide range of options. The variety of options available allows the SME to be configured with the emphasis either on digital modulation or on analog applications or to be expanded into a universal unit.

Overview of digital modulation modes

GMSK

Bit rate	Filter	Remarks
2.4/3.6/4/4.8/7.2/8/9.6/14.4/16/19.2/ 28.8/32/38.4/64/76.8/270.833 Kbit/s	BxT = 0.3/0.5	GSM, CDPD, DCS1800 (PCN), DSRR, MOBITEX
2.5/3/5/6/10/12/20/24/40/48/80/160/ 512 Kbit/s	BxT = 0.5	
8 Kbit/s	BxT = 0.25	
270.833 Kbit/s	BxT = 0.2	
1000 Kbit/s *)	BxT = 0.4	

GFSK

Bit rate	Deviation	Filter	Remarks
10.0 to 585 Kbit/s	14.4 kHz	BxT = 0.7	
640 to 1170 Kbit/s	18/20 kHz	BxT = 0.5	CT2
	25.2 kHz	BxT = 0.4	
	160/180/202/259/288/317/403 kHz *)	BxT = 0.5	CT3, DECT

FSK

Bit rate	Deviation	Filter	Remarks
0.05 to 90 Kbit/s	4/4.5 kHz	Gauss BxT = 2.73	Cityruf, POCSAG
	4.8 kHz	Bessel BxT = 1.22/2.44	FLEXTM
0.05 to 1900 Kbit/s	0.01 to 25 (800) kHz**)	OFF	

4FSK

Bit rate	Deviation	Filter	Remarks
1.00 to 24.3 Kbit/s	0.01 to 25 (800) kHz**)	cos 0.2	APCO25
27.0 to 48.6 Kbit/s	√cos 0.2	MODACOM	
	Bessel BxT = 1.25	ERMES	
	Bessel BxT = 1.22/2.44	FLEXTM	

FFSK

Bit rate	Deviation	AF	Remarks
0.05 to 90 Kbit/s	1.5/2/3/3.5/4/4.5 kHz	AF1 = bit rate AF2 = 1.5 x bit rate	POCSAG

QPSK, $\pi/4$ -QPSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK ***)

Bit rate	Filter	Remarks
	cos 0.2/0.35/0.4/0.5/0.6 √cos 0.35/0.4/0.5/0.6	APCO25, NADC, MSAT, PDC, TETRA, TFTS

O-QPSK ***)

Bit rate	Filter	Remarks	
1.00 to 24.3 Kbit/s 27.0 to 48.6 Kbit/s		INMARSAT	

Not possible in frequency range 130 to 187.5 MHz.

**) Maximum deviation dependent on carrier frequency.

***) QPSK not specified for f > 3 GHz.

FLEXTM is a registered trademark of Motorola Inc. U.S.A.



- All common digital modulation modes provided in one unit
- No external modulation or data sources required
- Generation of paging signals in line with ERMES, FLEXTM, FLEX-TD and POCSAG standards
- Internal control of frequency hopping and power ramping synchronous with the data signal
- Freely programmable data sequences and TDMA structure
- High spectral purity for out-ofchannel measurements
- · RF, LF and level sweep
- Memory sequence: programmable measurement sequence for up to 50 complete instrument settings
- List mode: programmable measurement sequence for up to 2000 frequency and level combinations, setting time <500 μs
- Ultra-low RF leakage for measurements on highly sensitive paging receivers
- · Easy to operate

Overview of options

Designation, function	Option
Reference Oscillator OCXO: Aging <1 x 10.9/day	SM-B1
LF Generator: sinewave, noise 0.1 Hz to 500 kHz, triangular, squarewave 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz	SM-B2
Pulse Modulator: 50 MHz to 1.5/3/6 GHz, on/off ratio >80 dB, rise/fall time <10 ns	SM-B3/-B8/-B9
Pulse Generator (only with SM-B3, SM-B8 or SM-B9): generates single pulse, delayed pulse and double pulse	SM-B4
FM/φM Modulator: FM DC to 2 MHz, φM DC to 100 kHz	SM-B5
Multifunction Generator: generates stereo multiplex and VOR/ILS signals; sinewave, noise 0.1 Hz to 1 MHz, triangular, sawtooth, squarewave 0.1 Hz to 50 kHz	SM-B6
DM Coder: generates FSK, FFSK, 4FSK, GFSK, GMSK, QPSK, π/4-QPSK, π/4-DQPSK, O-QPSK modulation; freely programmable data sequences and PRBS	SME-B11
8-Mbit DM Memory Extension: extends the 8-Kbit memory of the DM coder to 8 Mbit (data only)	SME-B12
FLEX Protocol (only with SM-B11 and SM-B12): generates paging signals in line with FLEX TM and FLEX-TD standards for tests on pagers	SME-B41
POCSAG Protocol (only with SM-B11 and SM-B12): generates paging signals in line with POCSAG standard for tests on pagers	SME-B42
Rear connectors for RF and AF (replacing front-panel connectors)	SME-B19

Possible combinations of options

The SME options can be freely combined with two exceptions:

- The LF generator (SM-B2) and the multifunction generator (SM-B6) cannot be combined if a pulse modulator (SM-B3, SM-B8 or SM-B9) is fitted.
- The LF generator (SM-B2) can be fitted twice if no pulse modulator (SM-B3, SM-B8 or SM-B9) and no multifunction generator (SM-B6) is fitted.



SgLabs www.sglabs.it email: m.sev@sglabs.it tel. +39 0755149360

All modulation modes of mobile radio

Digital modulation

With the DM coder option, the SME provides a variety of network-specific digital modulation modes:

Modulation	Network
GMSK	GSM, DCS 1800,
	PCS 1900, CDPD,
	MC9, DSRR,
	Mobitex 8000
GFSK	DECT, CT2, CT3
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	NADC, PDC, TFTS,
	TETRA, APCO 25
FSK, FFSK	POCSAG, Cityruf
4FSK	ERMES, APCO 25,
	FLEXTM, FLEX-TD

For a complete overview of digital modulation modes please refer to page 2.

Frequency and phase changes are produced by DDS (direct digital synthesis). The frequency and phase response are therefore synthesizer-accurate.

For varying the modulation spectrum, filters other than the standard ones may be used, eg filters with BxT = 0.2, 0.3, 0.5 for GSM networks. With GFSK modulation for DECT, non-standard deviations may be set to allow receiver tests.

For tests on pagers, SME generates paging signals in line with the ERMES, FLEXTM, FLEX-TD and POCSAG standards. All important parameters and messages to be transmitted are freely selectable.

Internal data generator

The data generator supplies freely programmable data signals and PRBS signals in line with CCITT. For PRBS signals, five sequence lengths between 2^9-1 and $2^{23}-1$ are selectable. A list editor greatly facilitates programming. Up to ten data sequences with a total length of 8 kbit can be stored.

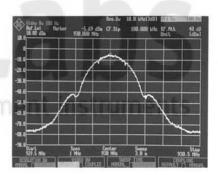
8-Mbit DM memory extension

An extension to the data generator memory is available for all applications requiring much longer data sequences. The 8-Mbit memory permits even BCCH and TCH data sequences to be stored which are needed for propagation measurements in GSM networks. This makes SME ideal as the core of a favourably priced mobile test base station.

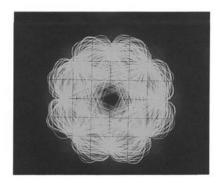
Power ramping and frequency hopping synchronous with the data signal

In addition to the data signal, the data generator supplies a data-synchronous burst and a level switch signal for the generation of TDMA frames.

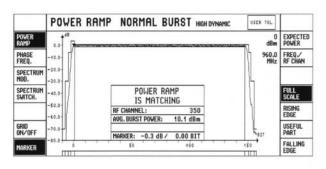
The burst and level switch signals are programmed bit-parallel with the data signal via list entries. The level switch signal controls the AM modulator to produce highly accurate level variations of up to 20 dB (overrange up to 40 dB). Together with a switchable GSM filter and the pulse modulator option, this allows the generation of bursts in line with the GSM standard.



GMSK modulation spectrum



π/4-DQPSK vector diagram



GSM power ramping

MC9 DSRR ner pagero

The burst signal available at a socket serves for controlling frequency changes (<0.5 ms) via the trigger input or fast level changes (>80 dB) via the pulse input.

The internal level switch signal can be replaced by an external logic signal. The signal switches the level in selectable steps with a rise/fall time < 10 µs.

Analog modulation

The SME sets new standards in the field of digital modulation – without any restrictions on the analog side. The SME also stands out for its excellent analog characteristics.

Amplitude modulation

The modulation frequency range is DC to 100 kHz. Particularly noteworthy is the extremely low incidental phase modulation with AM, which plays an important role in AM sensitivity tests on FM receivers (RF frequency ≤3 GHz).

Frequency modulation

The modulation frequency range is DC to 2 MHz. The maximum selectable deviation for modulation frequencies above 500 kHz linearly decreases to 25% at 2 MHz. In the FM DC mode, extremely high carrier frequency accuracy is ensured through the use of a novel control circuit. There is virtually no drift. This characteristic allows the digital signalling of receivers also by means of analog frequency modulation.

Phase modulation

Phase modulation ranges from DC to 100 kHz. This wide span opens up fields of application for which most signal generators do not qualify, for instance tests on phase-sensitive circuits or the generation of PSK modulation with freely selectable phase deviation.

Pulse modulation

Its high-quality pulse modulation, featuring an on/off ratio better than 80 dB and a rise/fall time shorter than 10 ns, make the SME an ideal choice for radar applications. The pulse generator option allows pulsed signals to be produced independent of an external source.

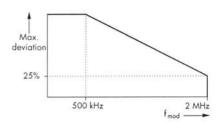
Analog modulation sources

Three optional modulation sources are available in addition to the fixed-frequency LF generator provided as standard:

- · LF generator
- Multifunction generator
- Pulse generator

The **LF generator** is a synthesizer up to 500 kHz. In addition to sinewave, squarewave and triangular signals, it also supplies a noise signal. If two LF generators are provided in the unit, multitone signals can be generated internally.

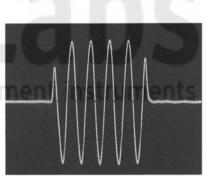
The **multifunction generator** produces sinewave and noise signals up to 1 MHz, triangular, sawtooth and squarewave signals up to 50 kHz



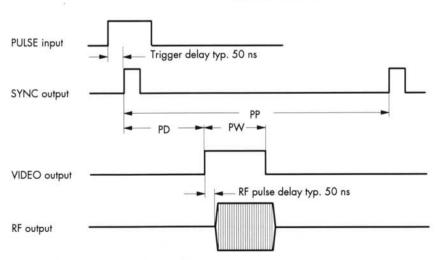
Adjustable progress of max. deviation at FM

and, in addition, stereo multiplex and VOR/ILS modulation signals. The multifunction generator option makes the SME suitable even for highly demanding measurements on FM stereo and navigation receivers.

The pulse generator permits the pulse repetition period, pulse width and pulse delay to be set with high accuracy and resolution. Single and double pulses required for radar receiver testing are generated.



Pulse modulation of 50-MHz carrier



The pulse generator option enables the pulse delay PD, pulse width PW and pulse repetition period PP to be set with high accuracy and resolution

State-of-the-art technology ...

Simultaneous modulation

... is required for simulating the complex signals used in modern communications and radar systems. The SME is capable of simultaneous DM, AM, FM (φM) and pulse modulation.

On a digitally modulated signal, for example, pulse modulation may be used to generate power bursts synchronous to the data signal in line with the TDMA structure used in today's networks. At the same time, Doppler shifts can be simulated by means of FM DC, and fading superimposed by AM DC.

Of the digital modulation (DM) modes, GMSK, GFSK, FSK, 4FSK, FFSK, QPSK, O-QPSK, $\pi/4$ -QPSK or $\pi/4$ -DQPSK may be selected.

With AM and FM, multitone modulation can be effected either by means of an internal and an external modulation signal or by means of two internal modulation signals (FM only).

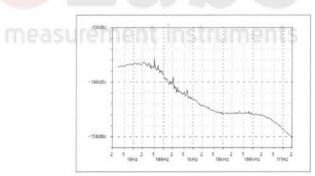
Excellent RF characteristics for unambiguous results

To measure critical receiver characteristics such as sensitivity or adjacent-channel selectivity, exacting demands are made on the spectral purity and level accuracy of the test signal. With respect to these characteristics, the SME ranks among the top units available on the market.

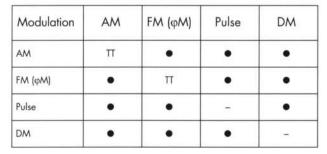
SSB phase noise at 20 kHz from a 1-GHz carrier is -130 dBc; non-harmonic spuria are below -80 dBc. Level setting in the range up to 1.5 GHz is accurate to 1 dB (typ. 0.5 dB) even for extremely small levels down to -127 dBm. Attenuator resettability is 0.01 dB.

Minimum RF leakage

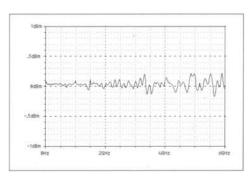
Measurements on high-sensitivity receivers such as radiopagers require signal sources with extremely high RF shielding. Elaborate shielding measures keep radiated interference on the SME to a minimum, ie <0.1 μ V, induced in a two-turn loop 25 mm in diameter in the immediate vicinity of the instrument.



Typical SSB phase noise at 1 GHz (CW)



Combination of modulation modes (TT = two-tone modulation)



Typical level frequency response at 0 dBm

... designed for great ease of operation

Convenient sweeps by means of list mode

In addition to the standard RF, AF and level sweeps, the SME offers a fast and highly flexible sweep function referred to as list mode. In this mode, frequency and level settings are made by means of values stored in lists which may contain up to 2000 pairs of frequency and level. This mode allows the frequency response of cable connections, amplifiers, TEM cells, etc in EMC measurements to be compensated already in the signal generator. Complicated external level controls or test routines are superfluous.

The setting time in the list mode is below $500~\mu s$. The list mode may be executed either automatically with presettable dwell time, in single-step operation, or by means of external triggering. The latter allows the control of frequency hopping signals. The modulation settings will not be changed by the list mode, ie this mode can be used with modulated signals of any type.

Useful extra facilities

Memory sequence for automatic sequence control

For standard measurement series and for recurring sequences of different types of single measurements, the memory sequence function affords a convenience otherwise obtained only by means of processor control. Up to 50 instrument settings can be stored in a non-volatile memory. After programming the sequence of measurements and the step time in a list, the sequence can be started.

External triggering

In addition to automatic control, the list mode, memory sequence, RF, LF and level sweep functions may also be triggered by an external signal. This facility enables synchronous operation with other units.

Compensation of external frequency response

The frequency response of external cables can be compensated by entering level correction values for up to 160 frequency points. The correction values for the frequencies between these points are determined by means of interpolation. The frequency response correction will be active in any operating mode, also during sweeps.

A wealth of functions – yet easy to operate

As a rule, the more functions provided in a unit, the more complex the operation. This certainly applies to conventional signal generators with multifunction keys and a variety of special functions.

But not with the SME: operation is extremely easy thanks to a well thoughtout operating concept featuring a large LCD display and menu guidance. All parameters and conditions selectable for a specific function are logically arranged in a single display. Looking up functions in a manual is a thing of the past.

The IEC/IEEE bus commands are in line with SCPI guidelines.

tel. +39 0755149360

Minimum maintenance requirements

Calibration

Calibration of the unit is required every three years at the earliest. Calibration values are loaded via the RS-232-C or the IEC/IEEE-bus interface to ensure frequency and level accuracy to specifications. The unit neither needs to be opened, nor are any mechanical adjustments to be made.

Self-diagnostics

For maintenance and calibration, precise data on the instrument status are needed. Using built-in test equipment, the SME provides these data without any extra equipment required.

Self-test for enhanced reliability

The signal generator status is continuously monitored. The SME signals malfunctions and deviations from nominal values by means of a message on the display.

Built-in test equipment

The signal generator can be fully checked without any extra test equipment required and without opening the unit. There are 80 test points covering all crucial areas in signal generation such as RF signal levels and control circuit monitoring voltages. When a test point is called up via the keyboard or the IEC/IEEE bus, its number and value appear on the display. The source of error can thus easily be identified in the event of a malfunction.

A diagnostic and adjustment program for process controllers compatible with the industry standard (included in Service Kit SM-Z2) enables the automatic evaluation and logging of the instrument status. Adjustments can easily and rapidly be made without any extra test equipment required. During the several days of burn-in following production, the SME is continuously checked through with the aid of this program. This ensures that an extremely reliable instrument tested over the entire temperature range will be supplied to the customer.



Rear panel of SME



Specifications

Underrange (specs not binding) Resolution Setting time (to within <1 x 10 ⁻⁷ for f >130 MHz and <73 Hz for f <130 MHz)	5 kHz to 1.5 GHz (SME02) 5 kHz to 3 GHz (SME03) 5 kHz to 6 GHz (SME06) Hown to 1 kHz 0.1 Hz	VSWR 1) f	≤3 GHz <2	3 GHz < f≤5 GHz	f >5 GHz
Underrange (specs not binding) d Resolution 0 Setting time (to within <1 x 10 ⁻⁷ for f >130 MHz and <73 Hz for f <130 MHz)	down to 1 kHz	Level >0 dBm	<2	-0	
Resolution 0 Setting time (to within <1 x 10 ⁻⁷ for f >130 MHz and <73 Hz for f <130 MHz)			0.65	<2	<2
		Level >0 dBm and option SM-B9 fitted (SME06)	<2	<2	<2.5
	10 ms 500 μs	Level ≤0 dBm	<1.5	<2	<2
Phase offset a	adjustable in steps of 1°	Setting time (IEC/IEEE bus)		<25 ms (<10 ms with el	ectronic
Aging (after 30 days of operation) 1 Temperature effect (0 to 55 °C) 2 Warm-up time — Output for internal reference	10 11111	Non-interrupting level setting (ATTENUATOR MODE FIX Setting range Rise/fall time		level setting) 0 to 20 dB <10 µs	centric
Level (EMF, sinewave) 1 Source impedance 5	0 MHz V _{rms} 50 Ω	Overvoltage protection		protects the unit from explied RF power (50-Ω so	
	to 16 MHz in steps of 1 MHz	Max. RF power		voltages 50 W (SME02, SME03 1 W (SME06)	3)
Input level 0 Input impedance 2	0.1 to 2 V _{rms} 200 Ω	Max. DC voltage		35 V (SME02, SME03) 0 V (SME06)	
Input voltage range 0 Input impedance 1	\times 10 ⁻⁷ /V to ±10 V 0 k Ω	Simultaneous modulation		any combination of AM pulse modulation and Di 4FSK, FFSK, GFSK, GM	M (DM = FSK,
Spectral purity Spurious signals				QPSK)	
level without overrange <- Subharmonics	:-30 dBc :-26 dBc	Amplitude modulation Operating modes Modulation depth		internal, external AC/D 0 to 100% modulation depths meet fications linearly decrea	ting AM speci-
f >3 GHz Nonharmonics at >5 kHz from carrier	-40 dBc -34 dBc	Resolution		ing the level from 7 to 1 tus message will be outpulation depth is too gree 0.1%	3 dBm; a sta- out if the mod-
<-	-80 dBc, -66 dBc for digital modulation -74 dBc,	Setting error at 1 kHz (m <8 AM distortion at 1 kHz ¹) m=30%		<4% of reading ±1% <1%	
<-	-60 dBc for digital modulation	m=80% Modulation frequency range		<2% DC to 100 kHz	
	-68 dBc, -54 dBc for digital modulation	Modulation frequency range Modulation frequency respo (m=60%) ¹) 20 Hz (DC) to 5	nse	<1 dB, typ. 0.3 dB	
at >10 MHz from carrier, 1-Hz bandwidth f ≤3 GHz <-	140 lb (s = 145 lb)	Incidental oM with 30% AM AF = 1 kHz	١,	<0.1 rad (f ≤3 GHz)	
	-140 dBc (typ. <-145 dBc) -134 dBc (typ. <-139 dBc)	EXT 1 modulation input Input impedance		<1 rad (f >3 GHz) >100 kΩ	
carrier at 1-Hz bandwidth, FM/pM deviation <5% of maximum deviation		Input voltage for selected modulation depth		1 V _P (high/low indication for inaccuracy > 3%)	n
f=6 GHz <-	-110 dBc			ioi inaccoracy >5 /6/	
f=2 GHz <- f=1 GHz <-	-116 dBc -120 dBc -126 dBc -132 dBc	Frequency modulation Operating modes		with option SM-B5 internal, external AC/D0 with two separate chann FM 2	
f=250 MHz <- f=125 MHz <-	-137 dBc -140 dBc -129 dBc	Max. deviation at carrier fre <130 MHz 130 to 187.5 MHz	quency	500 kHz 125 kHz	
Residual FM, rms (f=1 GHz)		187.5 to 375 MHz		250 kHz	
	1 Hz 4 Hz	375 to 750 MHz 750 to 1500 MHz		500 kHz 1 MHz	
Residual AM, rms (0.03 to 20 kHz) 1) <0		1500 to 3000 MHz		2 MHz	
Level		3000 to 6000 MHz Resolution		4 MHz <1%, min. 10 Hz	
	144 to +13 dBm	Setting error at AF = 1 kHz FM distortion at AF = 1 kHz		<3% of reading + 20 Hz	z
	o to 16 dBm	and half max. deviation Modulation frequency range		<0.5%, typ. 0.05%	
Total error for levels >-127 dBm ¹) f <1.5 GHz <±	±1 dB	with maximum deviation at <25% of maximum devi		DC to 500 kHz DC to 2 MHz	
f > 1.5 GHz <±	±1.5 dB	Modulation frequency respon	nse		
	±2 dB 1 dB	10 Hz (DC) to 100 kHz 10 Hz (DC) to 2 MHz		<0.5 dB <3 dB	
Level fidilless di O dbill]	1 dB	Preemphasis		50 μs, 75 μs (deviation	It is to

Incidental AM at AF=1 kHz, f>1 MHz, deviation = 40 kHz Stereo modulation at 40 kHz deviation, AF=1 kHz, f<125 MHz Stereo separation	
Unweighted S/N ratio Weighted S/N ratio	
Distortion Carrier frequency offset with FM <93.75 MHz 93.75 to 187.5 MHz 187.5 to 375 MHz 375 to 750 MHz 750 to 1500 MHz 1500 to 3000 MHz 3000 to 6000 MHz	
EXT1, EXT2 modulation inputs Input impedance Input voltage for selected deviation	
Phase modulation	

< 0.1%

>50 dB

>76 dB >76 dB

< 0.1%

>100 kΩ

5 rad

5 rad

10 rad

20 rad

40 rad

< 0.5 dB

TTL (HCT)

1 kQ

1.25 rad

2.5 rad

<50 Hz + 1% of deviation

<25 Hz + 1% of deviation

<50 Hz + 1% of deviation

<100 Hz + 1% of deviation

<200 Hz + 1% of deviation

<400 Hz + 1% of deviation

1 V_P (high/low indication

with option SM-B5

nels $\phi M1$ and $\phi M2$

<1%, min. 0.001 rad

DC to 100 kHz

<3% of reading + 0.01 rad

for inaccuracy >3%), for AF = 10 Hz to 100 kHz

internal, external AC/DC, two tone

with two separate modulation chan-

<12.5 Hz + 1% of deviation

Operating modes Max. deviation at carrier frequency

<130 MHz

130 to 187.5 MHz

187.5 to 375 MHz

375 to 750 MHz

750 to 1500 MHz

1500 to 3000 MHz

3000 to 6000 MHz

Resolution
Setting error at AF = 1 kHz
Distortion at AF = 1 kHz and half max. deviation
Modulation frequency range
Modulation frequency response
10 Hz (DC) to 100 kHz

EXT1, EXT2 modulation inputs
Input impedance
Input voltage for selected deviation

Digital modulation Modulation modes

Operating modes Internal data generator

Storage capacity

Frequency accuracy PRBS (pseudo random bit sequence)

DATA, CLOCK modulation inputs Permissible dev. from data rate Input level Input impedance (polarity of active clock edge and of modulation deviation can be selected) DATA, CLOCK, BURST modulation outputs Output level Data setup and hold time referred to CLOCK signal **GFSK** Shift error **GMSK** Modulation phase error rms peak

>100 kΩ 1 V_P (high/low indication for inaccuracy >3%)

with option SME-B11
FSK, 4FSK, FFSK, GFSK, GMSK,
QPSK (for overview see page 2)
internal, external
programming of data, level switching
and burst output
8192 bit, extendable to 8 Mbit with
option SME-B12
same as for reference frequency
selectable lengths: 2⁹-1, 2¹⁵-1,
2²⁰-1, 2²¹-1 and 2²³-1

TTL (HC)
>50 ns
<7%
<1°
<3°

<2.5% (f ≤3 GHz)

DM memory extension
Storage capacity
8M x 1 mode (DATA)
1M x 3 mode (DATA, LEV ATT,
BURST)
TRIGGER input
Input impedance
Pulse width
Level
Setup time referred to
active CLOCK edge

FSK modulation Operating mode Maximum shift Resolution Frequency error Data rate

Pulse modulation Operating modes

Frequency range

Max. output level

Harmonics
On/off ratio
Rise/fall time (10/90%)
Pulse repetition rate
Pulse delay
Video feedthrough
PULSE modulation input
Input level
Input impedance

Internal modulation generator Frequency

LF generator Waveforms

Frequency range

sinewave, noise

Open-circuit voltage

triangular, squarewave
Resolution
Frequency error
Frequency response (sinewave)
up to 100 kHz
up to 500 kHz
Distortion (20 Hz to 100 kHz)
Open-circuit voltage
Resolution
Setting error at 1 kHz
Frequency setting time

Multifunction generator Waveforms

Frequency range sinewave, noise triangular, sawtooth, squarewave Resolution Frequency error Frequency response (sinewave) up to 100 kHz up to 1 MHz Distortion (20 Hz to 100 kHz) Open-circuit voltage Resolution Setting error at 1 kHz Frequency setting time

option SME-B12 8388480 bit 3 x 1048560 bit 47 kΩ

>100 ns TTL (HCT) >700 ns

TTL (HCT)

 $50~\Omega$ or $10~k\Omega$

0.1 Hz to 500 kHz

0.1 Hz to 50 kHz

without option SME-B11 external 20% of FM deviation <0.1%, min. 0.1 Hz <(0.1 Hz + 0.1% of shift) 0 to 100 kHz

with option SM-B3, SM-B8 or SM-B9 external, internal with Pulse Generator SM-B4
50 MHz to 1.5 GHz (SM-B3)
50 MHz to 3.0 GHz (SM-B8)
50 MHz to 6.0 GHz (SM-B9)
10 dBm (SM-B3)
9 dBm (SM-B8)
8 dBm (SM-B9)
<-30 dBc for levels ≤5 dBm
>80 dB
<10 ns
0 to 10 MHz
typ. 50 ns
<-30 dBc

0.4/1/3/15 kHz ±3% 1 V_P ± 2% (R_{out}=10 Ω, R_L >200 Ω)

Option SM-B2 sinewave, triangular, squarewave,

0.1 Hz
<1 x 10⁻⁴

<0.3 dB
<0.5 dB
<0.1% (level >0.5 V)
1 mVp to 4 Vp (R_{out}=10 Ω, R_L >200 Ω)
1 mV
1% + 1 mV (sinewave)
<10 ms (after receipt of last character from IEC/IEEE bus)

option SM-B6 sinewave, triangular, sawtooth, squarewave, noise, stereo MPX signals, VOR/ILS modulation signals

0.1 Hz to 1 MHz
0.1 Hz to 50 kHz
0.1 Hz
same as for reference frequency
<0.3 dB

<0.3 dB <0.5 dB <0.1% (level >0.5 V) 1 mV_p to 4 V_p (R_{out} = 10 Ω , R_{L} >200 Ω) 1 mV 1% + 1 mV <10 ms (after receipt of last character from IEC/IEEE bus)

π/4-DQPSK

Modulation vector error rms¹)²)

Stereo multiplex signal

Stereo operating modes

Frequency range of L, R signal Preemphasis Pilot-tone frequency Pilot-tone phase Resolution Stereo separation Distortion Carrier suppression (38 kHz) Settings selectable for ARI 3 (ARI = broadcast information

for motorists)

Area identification
Traffic announcement identification

Additional signals (RDS, RDS+ARI)

VOR modulation signal 1)

Settings

Phase Phase resolution Bearing error (RF output, 108 to 118 MHz) FM error (deviation 480 Hz)

ILS modulation signal 1)

Settings

DDM setting range DDM resolution DDM error (RF output) Localizer (108 to 112 MHz) Glideslope (329 to 335 MHz)

Pulse generator Operating modes

Active trigger edge

Pulse repetition period Resolution Accuracy Pulse width Resolution Accuracy Pulse delay Resolution Accuracy Double pulse Resolution Accuracy

Trigger delay PULSE modulation input Input level Input impedance

Sync output Video output

Sweep RF sweep, AF sweep Operating modes

Sweep range and step width (lin) step width (log) Level sweep Operating modes

Sweep range Step width Step time Resolution Markers MARKER output signal

X output BLANK output signal

option SM-B6 R, L, R=L, R=-L, ARI (pilot tone or MPX signal can be connected to LF socket) 0.1 Hz to 15 kHz 50 цѕ, 75 цѕ 19 kHz ±1 Hz 0 to 360° 0.10 >60 dB

A, B, C, D, E, F

<0.1% (L, R=1 kHz)

on/off

>65 dB

application via EXT 1 input

option SM-B6 30 Hz (VAR, REF)/9.96-kHz FM carrier, FM deviation, COM/ID tone 0 to 360° 0.01

<0.05° <1 Hz

option SM-B6 90-Hz, 150-Hz tone, COM/ID tone, marker beacon 0 to ±0.8 0.0001

<0.0004 + 2% of DDM reading <0.0008 + 2% of DDM reading

option SM-B4 single pulse, delayed pulse, double pulse positive or negative 100 ns to 85 s 5-digit, min. 20 ns same as for reference frequency 20 ns to 1 s 4-digit, min. 20 ns 5% of reading ±5 ns 40 ns to 1 s 4-digit, min. 20 ns 5% of reading -10 to +20 ns 60 ns to 1 s 4-digit, min. 20 ns 5% of reading -10 to +20 ns typ. 50 ns

TTL (HCT) 50 Ω or 10 $k\Omega$ TTL level (HC), 40 ns pulse width TTL level (HC)

digital, in discrete steps AF sweep with option SM-B2 or -B6 automatic, single-shot, manual or externally triggered, linear or logarithmic

freely selectable 0.01 to 100%

polarity

automatic, single-shot, manual or externally triggered, logarithmic 0.1 to 20 dB 0.1 to 20 dB 10 ms to 5 s 0.1 ms 3, freely selectable TTL/HC logic signal, selectable polarity 0 to 10 V TTL/HC logic signal, selectable

List mode

Operating modes

Max. number of channels Step time Resolution

Memory for instrument settings

Storable settings Memory sequence modes

Step time Resolution

Remote control

System Instruction set Connector IEC/IEEE-bus address Interface functions

IEC 625 (IEEE 488) SCPI 1993.0 24-contact Amphenol 0 to 30 SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP1,

externally triggered 50 ms to 60 s

frequency and level values can be

stored in a list and will be set in an

extremely short time; permissible level variation: 20 dB

automatic, single-shot, manual, exter-

automatic, single-shot, manual or

DC1, DT1, CO

nally triggered

2000 1 ms to 1 s

0.1 ms

1 ms

General data

Power supply

90 to 132 V (AC), 47 to 440 Hz, 180 to 265 V (AC), 47 to 440 Hz, autosetting to AC voltage, max. 300 VA. safety class I to VDE 0411 (IEC 348)

German Postal Decree 243/1991, EN 55011 (VDE 0875 T11), class B

VDE 0875, interference suppression

radiated emissions

susceptibility

<0.1 µV (induced in a two-turn loop

from any surface of the enclosure)

25 mm in dia at a distance of 25 mm

conducted emissions

level K, MIL-STD 461 B

CS 01/02 conducted

- RE 02

- CE 03

Electromagnetic compatibility

Standards met

RF leakage (f <1 GHz)

Radiated susceptibility

Ambient conditions

Operating temperature range Storage temperature range Humidity

Mechanical stress

Shock

Vibration, sinewave Vibration, noise

Dimensions (W x H x D)

Weight

0 to 55 °C ⁴) -20 to +70 °C DIN IEC 68-2-30, +40 °C

to MIL-STD 810 D, 40 g shock spectrum to DIN IEC 68-2-6, 5 to 55 Hz 10 m/s² rms, 10 to 300 Hz

435 mm x 192 mm x 460 mm

25 kg for fully equipped unit

Certified Quality System DQS REG. NO 1954-02

Ordering information

Order designations	Signal Generator SME02 1038,6002.02
	Signal Generator SME03 1038.6002.03
	Signal Generator SME06

1038.6002.06

Accessories supplied

power cable, operating manual

Options		
(for possible combinations see page		
Reference Oscillator OCXO	SM-B1	1036.7599.02
LF Generator	SM-B2	1036.7947.02
Pulse Modulator for SME025)	SM-B3	1036.6340.02
Pulse Modulator for SME035)	SM-B8	1036.6805.02
Pulse Modulator for SME06 ⁵)	SM-B9	1039.5100.02
Pulse Generator (only with option SM-B3, SM-B8 or SM-B9	SM-B4	1036.9310.02
FM/	SM-B5	1036.8489.02
Multifunction Generator	SM-B6	1036.7760.02
DM Coder	SME-B11	1036.8720.02
DM Memory Extension (8 Mbit)	SME-B12	1039.4090.02
Rear Connectors		
for RF and AF	SME-B19	1039.3907.02
FLEX Protocol	SME-B41	1039.5645.02
POCSAG Protocol	SME-B42	1039.5745.02

ZZA-94	0396.4905.00
SM-Z2	1039.3520.02
ZZK-1	1014.0510.00
ZZK-944	1013.9366.00
	1039.1856.24
	SM-Z2 ZZK-1

1)	Does not apply to non-interrupting	level	setting
,	(ATTENUATOR MODE FIXED and		

Applies to levels ≤7 dBm.
 In the ARI mode, L=R=OFF.

Contrast of LCD display degraded at high temperatures.

5) Retrofit by authorized service centers only.



SGLabs
test & measurement instruments



PD 757.0358.23 - Printed on chlorine-free paper - Subject to change - Data without tolerances: order of magnitude only